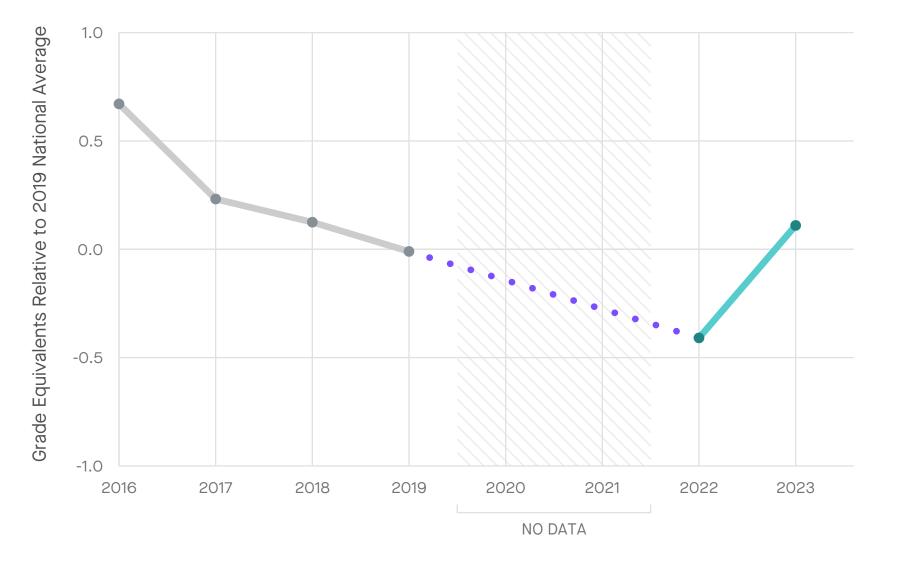
Seymour Community School District, WI

Math Performance, Grades 3–8, 2016–2023



Year

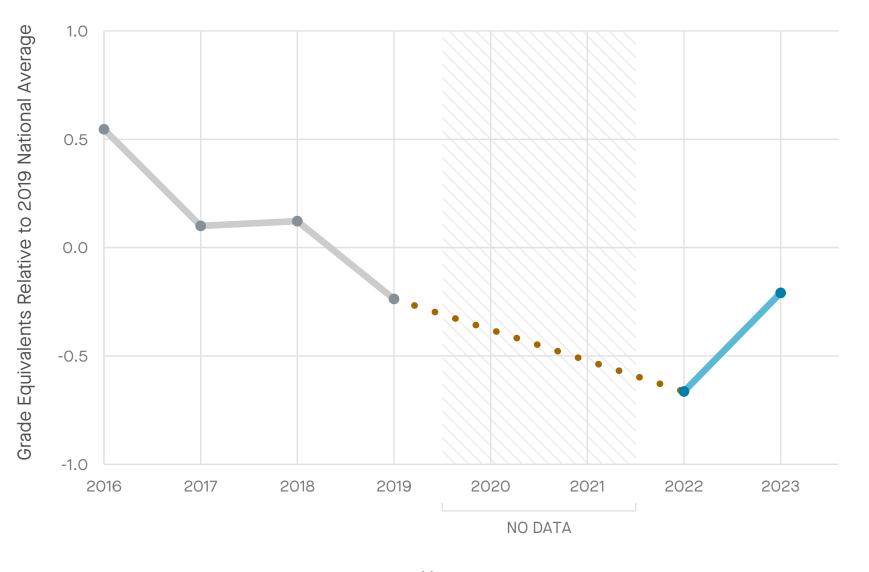
Average Math Scores and Trends in Scores

D

in Grade Level Equivalents Relative to the 2019 National Average

2019 Average	-0.01
2022 Average	-0.41
2023 Average	O.11
2019-2022 Change	- 0.40
2022-2023 Change	+0.52
Since 2019	+0.12

Reading Performance, Grades 3-8, 2016-2023



Average Reading Scores and Trends in Scores

in Grade Level Equivalents Relative to the 2019 National Average

2019 Average	-0.24
2022 Average	-0.66
2023 Average	-0.21
2019-2022 Change	
2022-2023 Change	+0.46
Since 2019	+0.03

Year

LEARN MORE ABOUT THIS AND OTHER DISTRICTS AT <u>EDOPPORTUNITY.ORG/RECOVERY</u> FOR MORE INFORMATION ON RECOVERY EFFORTS AND INDIVIDUAL STATE PRESS RELEASES, PLEASE VISIT <u>EDUCATIONRECOVERYSCORECARD.ORG</u>



Seymour Community School District, WI

Math Performance in Seymour Community School District vs. Wisconsin and Similar Districts, Grades 3-8, 2019-2023



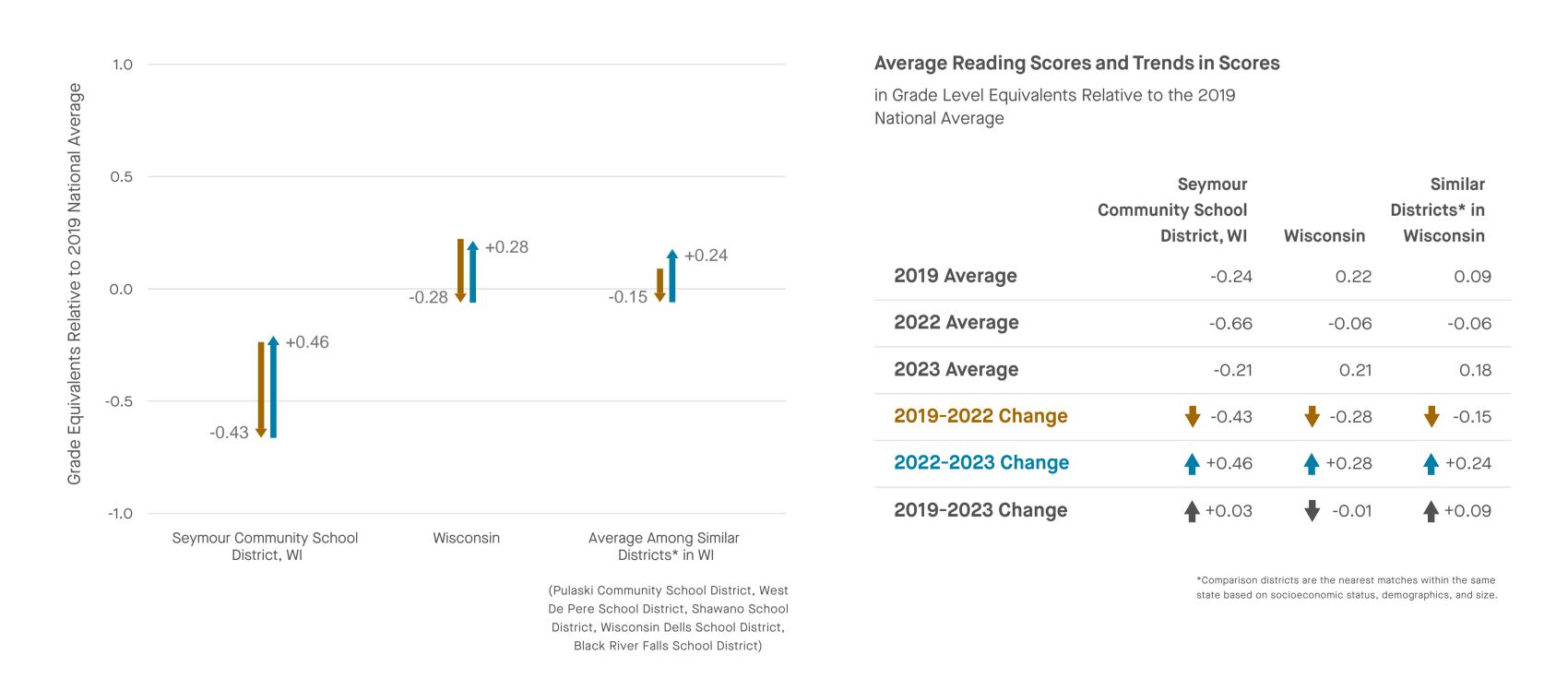


Average Math Scores and Trends in Scores in Grade Level Equivalents Relative to the 2019 National Average

	Seymour Community School District, WI	Wisconsin	Similar Districts* in Wisconsin
2019 Average	-0.01	0.41	0.22
2022 Average	-0.41	0.04	0.20
2023 Average	0.11	0.26	0.34
2019-2022 Change	-0.40	-0.37	
2022-2023 Change	+0.52	+0.22	+0.15
2019-2023 Change	+0.12		+0.13

*Comparison districts are the nearest matches within the same state based on socioeconomic status, demographics, and size.

Reading Performance in Seymour Community School District vs. Wisconsin and Similar Districts, Grades 3-8, 2019-2023

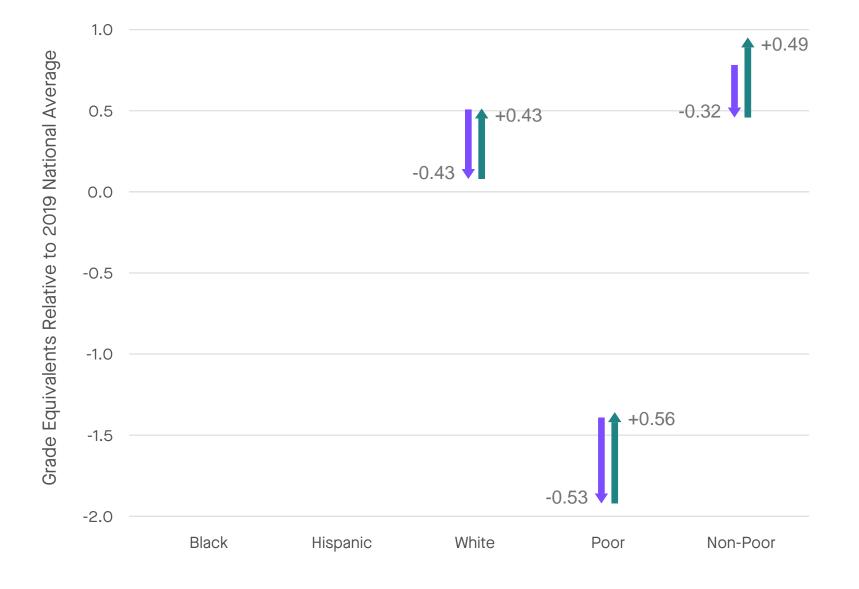




Seymour Community School District, WI

Math Performance by Subgroup, Grades 3–8, 2019–2023



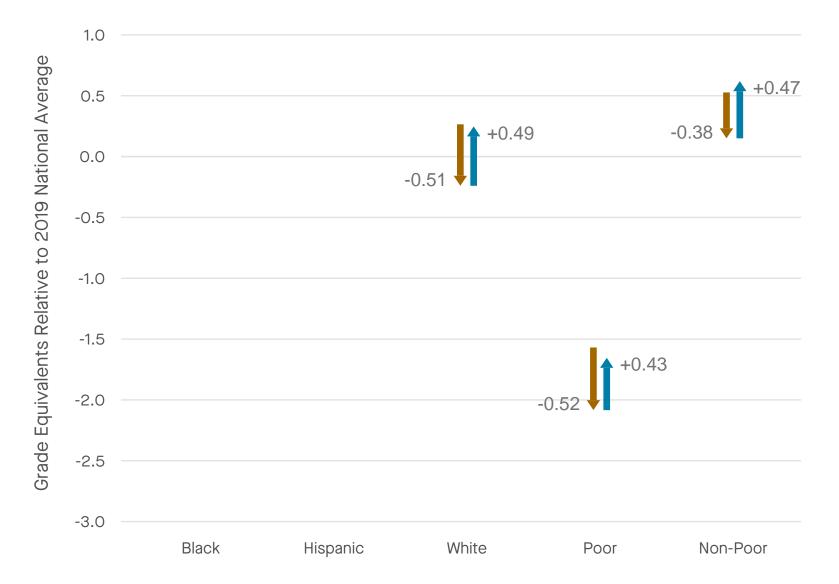


Average Math Scores and Trends in Scores

in Grade Level Equivalents Relative to the 2019 National Average

	Black Hi	ispanic	White	Poor No	on-Poor
2019 Average	N/A	N/A	0.51	-1.39	0.78
2022 Average	N/A	N/A	0.08	-1.92	0.46
2023 Average	N/A	N/A	0.51	-1.36	0.95
2019-2022 Change	N/A	N/A	-0.43	-0.53	-0.32
2022-2023 Change	N/A	N/A	+0.43	+0.56	+0.49
2019-2023 Change	N/A	N/A	+0.01	+0.03	+0.17

Reading Performance by Subgroup, Grades 3-8, 2019-2023



Average Reading Scores and Trends in Scores

in Grade Level Equivalents Relative to the 2019 National Average

	Black	Hispanic	White	Poor	Non-Poor
2019 Average	N/A	N/A	0.27	-1.57	0.53
2022 Average	N/A	N/A	-0.24	-2.08	0.15
2023 Average	N/A	N/A	0.25	-1.65	0.62
2019-2022 Change	N/A	N/A	-0.51	-0.52	- 0.38
2022-2023 Change	N/A	N/A	+0.49	+0.43	+0.47
2019-2023 Change	N/A	N/A	-0.02	-0.08	+0.09

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Wisconsin Report on Covid Recovery

Change in Math Achievement 2019-2022 by proportion FRPL in Wisconsin districts



Source: Education Recovery Scorecard, by Harvard CEPR and Stanford SEDA.

Notes: All estimates are based on published state assessment results, which have been rescaled to grade equivalents using state scores on the National Assessment of Educational Progress. For historical comparability, the proportion of students receiving free or reduced price lunch reflects the estimated number of students in households with incomes below 185% of the federal poverty level in Census data. Some districts may have higher rates of federally subsidized lunch recipients due to the community eligibility provision. The sample of districts shown have been limited to districts with reliable estimates. Labeled points represent districts with at least 500 tested students per grade. The regression line displays the overall trend within the state. For details on the methodology see https://edopportunity.org/methods.

> Change in Reading Achievement 2019-2022 by proportion FRPL in Wisconsin districts



Source: Education Recovery Scorecard, by Harvard CEPR and Stanford SEDA.

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Labeled points represent districts with at least 500 tested students per grade. The regression line displays the overall trend within the state.

For details on the methodology see https://edopportunity.org/methods.

Change in Math Achievement 2022-2023 by proportion FRPL in Wisconsin districts



Source: Education Recovery Scorecard, by Harvard CEPR and Stanford SEDA.

Notes: All estimates are based on published state assessment results, which have been rescaled to grade equivalents using state scores on the National Assessment of Educational Progress. For historical comparability, the proportion of students receiving free or reduced price lunch reflects the estimated number of students in households with incomes below 185% of the federal poverty level in Census data. Some districts may have higher rates of federally subsidized lunch recipients due to the community eligibility provision. The sample of districts shown have been limited to districts with reliable estimates. Labeled points represent districts with at least 500 tested students per grade. The regression line displays the overall trend within the state. For details on the methodology see https://edopportunity.org/methods.

Change in Reading Achievement 2022-2023 by proportion FRPL in Wisconsin districts



Source: Education Recovery Scorecard, by Harvard CEPR and Stanford SEDA.

Notes: All estimates are based on published state assessment results, which have been rescaled to grade equivalents using state scores on the National Assessment of Educational Progress.

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Change in Math Achievement 2019-2023 by proportion FRPL in Wisconsin districts

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Change in Reading Achievement 2019-2023 by proportion FRPL in Wisconsin districts



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Source: Education Recovery Scorecard, by Harvard CEPR and Stanford SEDA.

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For details on the methodology see https://edopportunity.org/methods.

Change in Reading Achievement by proportion FRPL in Wisconsin districts





Source: Education Recovery Scorecard, by Harvard CEPR and Stanford SEDA.

Notes: All estimates are based on published state assessment results, which have been rescaled to grade equivalents using state scores on the National Assessment of Educational Progress. For historical comparability, the proportion of students receiving free or reduced price lunch reflects the estimated number of students in households with incomes below 185% of the federal poverty level in Census data. Some districts may have higher rates of federally subsidized lunch recipients due to the community eligibility provision. The sample of districts shown have been limited to districts with reliable estimates. Orange points represent districts with at least 500 tested students per grade. The regression line displays the overall trend within the state. For details on the methodology see https://edopportunity.org/methods.

Wisconsin Math Achievement By Race and Economic Status



Source: Education Recovery Scorecard, by Harvard CEPR and Stanford SEDA. Notes: All estimates are based on published state assessment results, which have been rescaled to grade equivalents using state scores on the National Assesment of Educational Progress. For details on the methodology, see https://edopportunity.org/methods/.

> Wisconsin Reading Achievement By Race and Economic Status

Change in Achievement

Change in Achievement Gaps

2019-2023



Source: Education Recovery Scorecard, by Harvard CEPR and Stanford SEDA. Notes: All estimates are based on published state assessment results, which have been rescaled to grade equivalents using state scores on the National Assesment of Educational Progress. For details on the methodology, see https://edopportunity.org/methods/.